



**GONDWANA UNIVERSITY, GADCHIROLI**  
**DIRECTION NO 30 of 2023**

**Admission of Students and Conduct of Examinations Leading to the Award of Three Years Degree Program entitled “B. Sc. Data Science” under Credit System and As per NEP 2020 in the Faculty of Science & Technology, Direction 2023”**

**Whereas,** The Maharashtra Public Universities Act, 2016 (Maharashtra Act No. VI of 2017) (hereinafter the "Act") governs the Gondwana University, Gadchiroli (hereinafter the "University");

**AND**

**Whereas,** the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 focuses on education and skill development as per the needs of the community and as per Maharashtra State Government Resolution of Higher and Technical Education Department No. NEP-2020/Pr.kr.09/UE-3/SHIKANA, dated 20 April 2023, therefore, the University is introducing Three Years Degree Programme entitled **“B. Sc. Data Science”** under credit system and as per NEP 2020 in the Faculty of Humanities and it will be offered by the Model Degree College, a constituent college of the University;

**AND**

**Whereas,** as per provisions of section 73(1) of the Act, an ordinance is required to frame to lay down the conditions under which students can be admitted to courses of study for award of a Certificate but since, making of an ordinance is a time-consuming process and there is an urgency for introduction of Three Years Degree Programme entitled **“B. Sc. Data Science”** under credit system and as per NEP 2020 in the Faculty of Science & Technology;

Now, therefore, I, Dr. Prashant Shridhar Bokare, Vice-Chancellor of the University, in exercise of my powers under section 12(8) of the Act, do hereby issue the following Directions.

This Direction shall be called **Admission of Students and Conduct of Examinations Leading to the Award of Three Years Degree Program entitled “B. Sc. Data Science” under Credit System and as per NEP 2020 in the Faculty of Science & Technology, Direction 2023”**

1. This direction shall come into force from the date of its issuance.
2. Definitions: -In this Direction, unless the context requires otherwise, the words and phrases shall have the meaning given hereunder.
  - a) “Program” means the full-time Three Years Degree Programme entitled **“B. Sc. Data Science”** “Application Form” means a form prescribed by the University for seeking admission to Program under this direction.
  - b) “Competent Authority” means the Authority appointed by the Vice-Chancellor, for any specific purpose of the Program under this Direction.

- f) 'Grade letter' is an index to indicate the performance of a student in particular course. It is the depiction of actual marks secured by a student by a letter, the Grade letters are as given in **Table 3**.
- g) 'Grade point' is the weightage allotted to each grade letter depending on the range of marks awarded in a course.
- h) "HSSC" means the Higher Secondary School Certificate (Standard XII) examination conducted by Maharashtra State Board of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education or its equivalent certificate awarded by any other recognized Board.
- i) "Qualifying Examination" means an examination on the basis of which a candidate becomes eligible for admission to this Program.
3. In order to conduct the admission process for admitting students to this Program, the Vice Chancellor shall appoint the "Competent Authority".
4. Intake capacity, Eligibility for application, Admission fees, Curriculum, Examination fees for this Program will be as shown in Table 1 below:

**Table: 1**

Sr. No.	Subtitle	Details
1	Intake Capacity	20
2	Eligibility for application	HSSC Science
3	Admission Fees	Admission fees shall be as prescribed/ revised and notified from time to time by the University.
4	Curriculum	As specified in <b>Annexure-I</b>
5	Examination Fees	The Examination fees shall be as prescribed/ revised and notified from time to time by the University.

**5. Objectives of the Program: -**

- (a) This course aims to extraction of knowledge from large volumes of data that are structured or unstructured, which is continuation of data mining and predictive analytics.
- (b) Instill object oriented programming concepts.
- (c) Foster Problem-solving skill using data structure and enable data analysis and visualization techniques for effective information communication and computational tasks.

**6. EVALUATION OF THE PROGRAM**

The internal and university assessment of student performance shall be carrying the weightage as mentioned in the Teaching and Examination Scheme given below:

**Table 2: Teaching and Examination Scheme**  
**“B. Sc. Data Science”**  
**Teaching & Examination Scheme**  
**Semester - I**

Sr. No.	Subject	Credit	Teaching scheme Hrs/week			Examination Scheme Total Marks The./Pra.									
			Theoy	Pra.	Total	Theory					Practical				
						Durat ion Hrs.	Max. Theory	Total	Min Pass	Dur. Hrs.	Max Marks		Min.Pass Marks	Total Marks	
											UA	CA			UA
1	Data Structure and Algorithm using python	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	100	40	-	-	-	-	100
2	Discrete Mathematics	2	2	-	2	2	40	10	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
3	Introduction to Programming	2	2	-	2	2	40	10	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
4	Web Technology	2	2	-	2	2	40	10	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
5	Business Communication and Information Ethics	2	2	-	2	2	40	10	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
6	Environment Protection Law	2	2	-	2	-	-	50	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
	Precalculus	2	2	-	2	-	-	50	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
7	Web Technology Practical	2	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	30	20	25	50
8	ICT Practical	2	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	30	20	25	50
	<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>500</b>

**Semester - II**

Sr. No.	Subject	Credit	Teaching scheme Hrs/week			Examination Scheme Total Marks The./Pra.									
			Theoy	Pra.	Total	Theory					Practical				
						Durat ion Hrs.	Max. Theory	Total	Min Pass	Dur. Hrs.	Max Marks		Min.Pass Marks	Total Marks	
											UA	CA			UA
1	Data base Management System	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	100	40	-	-	-	-	100
2	R Programming	2	2	-	2	2	40	10	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
3	Data Analysis	2	2	-	2	2	40	10	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
4	Internet of Things embedded system	2	2	-	2	2	40	10	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
5	Morden Indian Language (Marathi/Hindi)	2	2	-	2	2	40	10	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
6	Project Presentation on Data Science in Environmental Science.	2	2	-	2	2	-	50	50	20	-	-	-	-	50
7	Data Base Management	2	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	30	20	25	50
8	R Programming	2	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	30	20	25	50
9	Data Base Management System	2	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	30	20	25	50
	<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>500</b>

Note:

1. Th=Theory; Pr = Practical; PR=Project; INT=Internship IA = Internal Assessment UA = University Assessment.

**Credit Calculations: (1)** One credit would mean equivalent of 15 periods of 60 minutes each for Theory.(2) For practical /project /internship/Field work, the Credit Weightage for equivalent hours shall be 50% of that for theory. (3) The strength of Batch of Practical /Workshop / internship / Field visit / Project shall be 20. (4) 10 contact hours equals to 3 credits per semester and 6 credits for two semesters viz one year duration for Project/Field Visit/Industrial Training/Internship

\*On Job Training

a. Marks to Letter Grade & Grade Point Conversion

The marks scored by the examinees in their courses/heads of passing of the program shall be converted into Letter Grade and Grade Point as per Table given below:

**Table 3: Conversion of marks into letter grade and grade points**

Letter Grade	Grade Point
O (out standing)	10
A+ (Excellent)	9
A (Very good)	8
B+ (Good)	7
B (Above average)	6
C (Average)	5
P (Pass)	4
F (Fail)	0
Ab (Absent)	0

\*Note: As such, the lowest passing Grade in any passing head shall be 'P'.

a) Calculation of Grade Point Average (GPA)

The Grade Point Average (GPA) shall be calculated for the program and shall be evaluated as mentioned below:

$$GPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (C_i \times G_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n C_i}$$

Where  $C_i$  is the number of credits of the  $i^{th}$  course and  $G_i$  is the grade point scored by the student in the  $i^{th}$  course.

The percentage of marks scored based on obtained GPA can be evaluated using below given formula.

$$Percentage = (GPA - 0.75) * 10$$

8. Division of Passing

The Division of Passing shall be based on GPA secured by an Examinee as shown in the Table 3 below:

**Table 3: Interpretation of GPA into Division of Passing**

INTERVAL OF GPA	DIVISION OF PASSING
$GPA \geq 8.25$	First with Distinction
$6.75 \leq GPA < 8.25$	First
$6.00 \leq GPA < 6.75$	Second
$5.00 \leq GPA < 6.00$	Pass

9. Declaration of result is based on the Grade Point Average (GPA) earned towards the end of the program as given in Table 3. The names of the successful examinees passing the examination as a whole in the minimum prescribed period and obtaining prescribed number of places securing the grades as per adopted credit-grade system shall be arranged in order of merit as provided in ordinance relating to examinations in general.
10. Provisions with respect to grace marks for passing in a particular course/ head of passing and improvement of Division (Higher Class) and getting Distinction in any course shall be as per relevant Direction/Ordinance of the University.

11. An examinee who does not qualify in examination or remain absent for the examination, shall be eligible to appear in the same re-examination, on payment of re-examination fee and such other fees as may be prescribed from time to time, within 30 days from the date of result.
12. Successful examinees who secure minimum prescribed registered credits (120) for the program duration shall be entitled to receive a Degree of full time Three Years Degree Programme entitled **“B. Sc. Data Science”** in the Faculty of Science & Technology signed by the Vice Chancellor of the University on payment of prescribed fees.
13. In the event of any query regarding interpretation/application of any provision of this direction, the Director of Board of Examinations and Evaluation shall refer the matter for the decision of the Dean of the Faculty of Science & Technology or alternatively to the Board of Deans if found necessary.
14. For any other matter pertaining to this Program and its final award which is beyond the purview of this Direction, it shall be referred to the Vice-Chancellor and that the decision of the Vice-Chancellor shall be final and binding on all the concerned.

Place: Gadchiroli  
Date:     /     /2023



(Dr. Prashant S. Bokare)  
Vice-Chancellor



# Gondwana University Gadchiroli

## Three Year Bachelor of Science Degree in

### Data Science - Preamble

Data Science refers to extraction of knowledge from large volumes of data that are structured or unstructured, which is continuation of data mining and predictive analytics. It involves different categories of analytical approaches for modelling various types of business scenarios and arriving at solution and strategies for optimal decision-making in marketing, finance, operations, organizational behavior and other managerial aspects. This new field of study breaks down into a number of different areas, from constructing big data infrastructure and configuring the various server tools that sit on top of the hardware, to performing the analysis and developing the right transformations to generate useful results.

Data Science is an inter disciplinary field that combines the magic of programming, mathematics and business. Combined with Machine Learning, it helps to identify a future trend which can be used to derive actionable insights for creating future impact. These skills will help for the role of a Data Scientist. As a Data Science aspirant, learner will be assimilating the knowledge to share from the quantitative analysis to programming concept and extended to business intelligence. Data science can add value to any business which can use the data well.

Data Science consists of 3 parts namely:

**Machine Learning:** Machine Learning involves algorithm and mathematical models, chiefly employed to make machines learn and prepare them to adapt to every day advancements.

**Big Data:** Everyday, we are producing so much of data in the form of clicks, orders, videos, images, comments, articles, RSS Feeds etc. These data is generally unstructured and is often called as Big Data. Big Data tools and techniques mainly help in converting this unstructured data into a structured form.

**Business Intelligence:** Each business has and produces too much data every day. This data when analysed carefully and then presented in visual report involving graphs, can bring good decision making to life. This can help the management in taking the best decision after carefully delving into patterns and details there reports bring to life.

What Does a Data Scientist Do?

- Empower the management and controlling officers to make better decisions
- Direct actions based on trends, which in turn help to define new goals
- Identify opportunities
- Making decisions with quantifiable, data-driven evidence
- Test the decisions taken
- Identify and refine the target audiences
- Recruit their talent for the organisation

## Programme Specific Outcomes

- Build a strong foundation of statistics for data science.
- Use all the features and new updates of Python and R for data science.
- Perform scientific and technical computing using the Python SciPy package and its sub-packages Integrate, Optimize, Statistics, IO, and Weave.
- Gain expertise in mathematical computing using the NumPy and Scikit-Learn package
- Gain an in-depth understanding of data structure and data manipulation
- Understand and use linear and non-linear regression models and classification techniques for data analysis
- Obtain a comprehensive knowledge of supervised and unsupervised learning models such as linear regression, logistic regression, clustering, dimensionality reduction, K-NN and pipeline
- Master the concepts recommendation engine, time series modelling, gain practical mastery over principles, algorithms, and applications of Machine Learning
- Learn to analyse data using Tableau and Power BI and become proficient in building interactive dashboards
- Understand deep reinforcement learning techniques applied in Natural Language Processing
- Understand the different components of the Hadoop ecosystem and learn to work with HBase, its architecture and data storage, learning the difference between HBase and RDBMS, and use Hive and Impala for partitioning
- Understand MapReduce and its characteristics and learn how to ingest data using Sqoop and Flume

## Semester – I

### 1.Data Structure and Algorithm Using Python

#### Course Objectives:

After completion of the course, students will have adequate background, conceptual clarity and knowledge of appropriate solution techniques related to:

1. Introduce the fundamental concept of Python programming to the students
2. Understand various data structures in Python and write algorithms and programs using them
3. Compare alternative implementations of data structures with respect to performance
4. Discuss the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting, searching, and hashing

#### Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1	Write programs using basic concepts of Python Programming
CO2	Implement algorithms for arrays, linked structures, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs
CO3	Write programs that use arrays, linked structures, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs
CO4	Compare and contrast the benefits of dynamic and static data structures implementation
CO5	Discuss the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting, searching, and hashing

#### Course Contents:

##### Unit 1: Introduction to Programming

[07 Hours]

Introduction to Programming, Why Programming, What is a Program? Problem Solving, Algorithms and Data Structure Introduction to Programming, Variables, Data Types, Input-Output Statements, Indentation, Operators- Arithmetic Operators, Comparison (Relational) Operators, Assignment Operators, Logical Operators, Bitwise Operators, Membership Operators, Identity Operators, Expressions and order of evaluations.

Control Flow- if, if-elif-else, for, while break, continue, pass Collections- String, Lists, Tuples, Dictionaries, Sets, Map



**Unit 2: Functions & Object Oriented Programming using Python** [07 Hours]

Functions- Built-in and User defined functions, Default Arguments, Variable-length arguments, Anonymous Functions, Fruitful Functions (Function Returning Values), Scope of the Variables in a Function- Global and Local Variables, Recursions Need for OOP, Classes and Objects, OOP Concepts, Constructor, Class Diagram, Encapsulation, Statics, Relationship, Inheritance, and Abstract Classes, Exception Handling

**Unit 3: Data Structures in Python** [07 Hours]

ADT- Defining the ADT, Using the ADT, Pre conditions and post conditions

Introduction to Data Structures, Types of Data Structures, Arrays- Need for array, Array ADT, Implementing array, 2D arrays, Linked Structures- Singly Linked List & Operations with algorithms, Application-Polynomials, Doubly Linked Lists, Circular Linked List Stacks- Stack ADT, Implementing the stack- using Python List and using a linked list, Stack Applications- Evaluating Postfix expressions Queues- Queue ADT, Implementing the queue- using Python List and using a linked list, Priority Queue, Applications of Queues

**Unit 4: Non-Linear Data Structures in Python** [07 Hours]

Binary Trees- Tree Structure, Properties, Implementation, Tree Traversals, Heaps-Definition, Implementation, Heap Sort Binary Search Trees- Operations and Algorithms (searching, insertion, deletion, min, max), AVL Tree-Insertions, deletions, implementation Hash Tables- Hashing techniques, Hash functions, Applications

**Unit 5: Searching & Sorting Algorithms and Analysis** [08 Hours]

**Search Algorithms-** Linear Search Algorithm, Binary Search Algorithm,

**Comparison Sort Algorithms-** Introduction, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Bubble Sort, Merge Sort, Quick Sort

**Algorithmic Techniques-** Algorithm Technique- Greedy Approach, Dynamic Programming, Complexity Analysis of Algorithms- Introduction, Analysis of Algorithms, Big-O Notation, Evaluating the Python List.

**Text Books / Reference Books**

1. Data Structures and Algorithms Using Python, Rance D. Necaie
2. Python for Everybody, Exploring Data Using Python 3, Dr. Charles R. Severance
3. Data Structures and Algorithms in Python, Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Michael H. Goldwasser.

## 2-Discrete Mathematics

The purpose of the course is to familiarize the prospective learners with mathematical structures that are fundamentally discrete. This course introduces sets and functions, forming and solving recurrence relations and different counting principles. These concepts are useful to study or describe objects or problems in computer algorithms and programming languages.

Expected Learning Outcomes:

- 1) To provide overview of theory of discrete objects, starting with relations and partially ordered sets.
- 2) Study about recurrence relations, generating function and operations on them. Give an understanding of graphs and trees, which are widely used in software.
- 3) Provide basic knowledge about models of automata theory and the corresponding formal languages.

### Unit I :

#### Recurrence Relations

- (a) Functions: Definition of function. Domain, co domain and the range of a function. Direct and inverse images. Injective, surjective and bijective functions. Composite and inverse functions.
- (b) Relations: Definition and examples. Properties of relations, Partial Ordering sets, Linear Ordering Hasse Diagrams, Maximum and Minimum elements, Lattices
- (c) Recurrence Relations: Definition of recurrence relations, Formulating recurrence relations, solving recurrence relations- Back tracking method, Linear homogeneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients. Solving linear homogeneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients of degree two when characteristic equation has distinct roots and only one root, Particular solutions of non linear homogeneous recurrence relation, Solution of recurrence relation by the method of generation functions, Applications- Formulate and solve recurrence relation for Fibonacci numbers, Tower of Hanoi, Intersection of lines in a plane, Sorting Algorithms.

### Unit II

Counting Principles, Languages and Finite State Machine

- (a) Permutations and Combinations: Partition and Distribution of objects, Permutation with distinct and indistinct objects, Binomial numbers, Combination with identities : Pascal Identity, Vandermonde's Identity, Pascal triangle, Binomial theorem, Combination with indistinct objects.
- (b) Counting Principles: Sum and Product Rules, Two-way counting, Treediagram for solving counting problems, Pigeonhole Principle (without

proof); Simple examples, Inclusion Exclusion Principle (Sieve formula) (Without proof).

(c) Languages, Grammars and Machines: Languages, regular Expression and Regular languages, Finite state Automata, grammars, Finite state machines, Gödel numbers, Turing machines.

### **Unit III**

#### Graphs and Trees

(a) Graphs : Definition and elementary results, Adjacency matrix, path matrix, Representing relations using diagraphs, Warshall's algorithm - shortest path, Linked representation of a graph, Operations on graph with algorithms - searching in a graph; Insertion in a graph, Deleting from a graph, Traversing a graph- Breadth-First search and Depth-First search.

(b) Trees: Definition and elementary results. Ordered rooted tree, Binary trees, Complete and extended binary trees, representing binary trees in memory, traversing binary trees, binary search tree, Algorithms for searching and inserting in binary search trees, Algorithms for deleting in a binary search tree

#### **Text books:**

1. Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, Seventh Edition by Kenneth H. Rosen, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited. (2011)
2. Norman L. Biggs, Discrete Mathematics, Revised Edition, Clarendon Press, Oxford 1989.
3. Data Structure Seymour Lipschutz, Schaum's out lines, McGraw-Hill Inc.

#### **Additional References:**

1. Elements of Discrete Mathematics: C.L. Liu , Tata McGraw- HillEdition .
2. Concrete Mathematics (Foundation for Computer Science): Graham,Knuth, Patashnik Second Edition, Pearson Education.
3. Discrete Mathematics : Semyour Lipschutz, Marc Lipson, Schaum'sout lines, McGraw - Hill Inc.
4. Foundations in Discrete Mathematics: K.D. Joshi, New Age Publication, New Delhi.

## 2- Discrete Mathematics

### 3.Introduction to Programming

#### Course Objectives:

- Learn Programming fundamental using Python
- Understand the concepts and usage of data types, variables and other basic elements
- Learn about using operators and control statements in Python
- Learn about using arrays and strings in Python.
- Learn about using IPython architecture for Python.
- Introduce data Science Tools and plot data using appropriate Python visualization libraries

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	<p><b>Introduction to Python Language:</b> Overview, Features of Python, Execution of a Python Program, Innards of Python, Frozen Binaries, Python Interpreter, Comparison of Python with C and Java, Installing Python, Writing &amp; Executing, IDLE</p> <p><b>Data Types, Variables And Other Basic Elements:</b> Comments, Docstrings, Data types- Numeric, Compound, Boolean, Dictionary, Sets, Mapping, Basic Elements of Python, Variables</p> <p><b>Input and Output Operations:</b> Input Function, Output Statements, Command Line Arguments</p> <p><b>Control Statements:</b> Control Statements- Loop Statement, The else Suite, break Statement, continue Statement, pass Statement, assert Statement, return Statement</p>	12
II	<p><b>Functions:</b> Defining &amp; Calling a Function, Returning Results, Returning Multiple Values, Built-in Functions, Parameters and Arguments, Recursive Functions, Anonymous or Lambda Functions</p> <p><b>Operators:</b> Arithmetic operators, Assignment operators, Unary minus operator, Relational operators, Logical operators, Bitwise operators, Membership operators, Identity operators, Precedence of Operators, Associativity of Operators</p> <p><b>Arrays:</b> Creating Arrays, Indexing and Slicing, Basic Array Operations, Arrays Processing, Mathematical Operations on Array, Aliasing Arrays, Slicing and Indexing in NumPy Arrays, Basic Slicing. Advanced Indexing. Dimensions of Arrays, Attributes of an Array</p>	12
	<p><b>Strings:</b> Creating Strings, Functions of Strings, Working with Strings, Length of a String, Indexing &amp; Slicing, Repeating &amp; Concatenation of Strings, Checking Membership, Comparing Strings, Removing Spaces, Finding Substrings, Counting Substrings, Strings are Immutable, Splitting and Joining Strings, Changing Case, Checking Starting and Ending of a String, Sorting &amp; Searching in the Strings, Formatting the Strings, Working with Characters</p>	

III	<p><b>Lists and Tuples:</b> Lists, List Functions and Methods, List Operations, Tuples</p> <p><b>Dictionaries:</b> Creating a Dictionary, Operators in Dictionary, Dictionary Methods, Using for Loop with Dictionaries, Operations on Dictionaries, Ordered Dictionaries</p> <p><b>Regular Expressions:</b> What is a Regular Expression? Sequence Characters in Regular Expressions, Quantifiers in Regular Expressions, Special Characters in Regular Expressions, Using Regular Expression on Files, Retrieving Information from an HTML File</p> <p><b>Date and Time in Python:</b> Date and Time, Date and Time Now, Combining Date and Time, Formatting Dates and Times, Finding Durations using "timedelta", Comparing Two Dates, Sorting Dates, Stopping Execution Temporarily, Knowing the Time taken by a Program, Working with Calendar Module</p>	12
IV	<p><b>IPython:</b> Beyond Normal Python, Help and Documentation in IPython, Keyboard Shortcuts in the IPython Shell, IPython Magic Commands, Input and Output History, IPython and Shell Commands, Errors and Debugging, Profiling and Timing Code</p> <p><b>Introduction to NumPy:</b> Understanding Data Types in Python, The Basics of NumPy Arrays, Computation on NumPy Arrays: Universal Functions, Aggregations: Min, Max, and Everything In Between, Computation on Arrays: Broadcasting, Comparisons, Masks, and Boolean Logic, Fancy Indexing, Sorting Arrays, Structured Data: NumPy's Structured Arrays</p>	12
V	<p><b>Data Manipulation with Pandas:</b> Introducing Pandas Objects, Data Indexing and Selection, Operating on Data in Pandas, Handling Missing Data, Hierarchical Indexing, Combining Datasets: Concat and Append, Combining Datasets: Merge and Join, Aggregation and Grouping, Pivot Tables, Vectorized String Operations, Working with Time Series. High-Performance Pandas: eval() and query()</p> <p><b>Visualization with Matplotlib:</b> Simple Line Plots, Simple Scatter Plots, Visualizing Errors, Density and Contour Plots, Histograms, Binnings, and Density, Customizing Plot Legends, Customizing Colorbars, Multiple Subplots, Text and Annotation, Customizing Ticks, Customizing Matplotlib: Configurations and Stylesheets, Three-Dimensional Plotting in Matplotlib, Geographic Data with Basemap, Visualization with Seaborn</p>	12

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr.No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Programming through Python	M. T. Savaliya, R.K Maurya, G.M Maagar	Staredu Solutions	1 <sup>st</sup>	2018
2.	Python Data Science Handbook	Jake VanderPlas	O'Reilly Media	1 <sup>st</sup>	2016
3.	Let Us Python	Y. Kanetkar,	BPB	1 <sup>st</sup>	2019
4.	Programming in Python 3	Mark Summerfield	Pearson Education	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2018
5.	Learning Python	Lutz M	O'Reilly-Shroff	5 <sup>th</sup>	2013
6.	Beginning Python	Magnus Lie Hetland	Apress	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2009
7.	Star Python	Star Certification	Star Certification	1 <sup>st</sup>	2018

### **Course Outcome:**

Upon the successful completion of this course, the student will be able to achieve:

- Proficiency in using and applying various data types including, string, arraylist, tuple and dictionary.
- Ability to use regular expressions to perform complex operations in less code.
- Learning to make use of date and time in Python for various applications.
- Proficiency in using IPython architecture for Data Science Applications.
- Knowledge about use of various data science tools

## 4-Web Technology

### Course Objectives:

- Introducing the basic concepts of Internet and web design to learners.
- Providing brief knowledge about HTML5 concepts.
- Giving insight of the Page layout and navigation with HTML5.
- Making students aware about use of Tables, Forms and Media with HTML5.
- Providing knowledge of web page design using CSS.
- Teaching data validation using JavaScript.
- Giving knowledge about transmission of data on web page using JSON Object.

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	<p><b>Internet and the World Wide Web:</b> What is Internet? Introduction to internet and its applications, E-mail, telnet, FTP, e-commerce, video conferencing, e-business. Internet service providers, domain name server, internet address, <b>World Wide Web (WWW):</b> World Wide Web and its evolution, uniform resource locator (URL), browsers – internet explorer, Netscape navigator, opera, Firefox, chrome, Mozilla. search engine, web saver – apache, IIS, proxy server, HTTP protocol</p> <p><b>What Is Web Design?:</b> Defining Web Design, Web Design Themes, Learning Web Design.</p> <p><b>User-Centered Design:</b> Usability, Who Are Web Users? Common User Characteristics, Memory, Response and Reaction Times, Dealing with Stimulus, Movement Capabilities, The User's World, General Types of Users, Web Conventions, Accessibility, Building a Usable Site</p> <p><b>HTML5:</b> Introduction, Why HTML5? Formatting text by using tags, using lists and backgrounds, Creating hyperlinks and anchors.</p>	12
II	<p><b>HTML5 Page layout and navigation:</b> Creating navigational aids: planning site organization, creating text based navigation bar, creating graphics based navigation bar, creating graphical navigation bar, creating image map, redirecting to another URL, creating division based layouts: HTML5 semantic tags, creating divisions, creating HTML5 semantic layout, positioning and formatting divisions.</p> <p><b>HTML5 Tables, Forms and Media:</b> Creating tables: creating simple table, specifying the size of the table, specifying the width of the column, merging table cells, using tables for page layout, formatting tables: applying table borders, applying background and foreground fills, changing cell padding, spacing and alignment, creating user</p>	12

	creating basic form, using checkboxes and option buttons, creating lists, additional input types in HTML5, incorporating sound and video: audio and video in HTML5, HTML multimedia basics, embedding video clips, incorporating audio on web page.	
III	<p><b>Introduction to Style Sheets</b> : Understanding Styles, Constructing Style Rules, Creating Styles for Nested Tags, Creating Classes and IDs for Applying Styles, Applying Styles to Hyperlinks, Creating and Linking to External Style Sheets</p> <p><b>Formatting Text by Using Style Sheets:</b> Specifying a Font Family, Specifying a Font Size and Color, Applying Bold and Italics, Applying Strikethrough and Underlining, Creating Inline Spans, Adjusting Spacing Between Letters</p> <p><b>Formatting Paragraphs by Using Style Sheets:</b> Indenting Paragraphs, Applying a Border to a Paragraph, Specifying a Border Style, Setting Border Padding, Specifying Border Width and Color, Formatting Border Sides Individually, Setting All Border Attributes at Once, Specifying the Horizontal Alignment of a Paragraph, Specifying Vertical Space within a Paragraph</p> <p><b>Displaying Graphics:</b> Selecting a Graphics Format, Preparing Graphics for Web Use, Inserting Graphics, Arranging Elements on the Page, Controlling Image Size and Padding, Hyperlinking from Graphics, Using Thumbnail Graphics, Including Alternate Text for Graphics, Adding Figure Captions</p>	12
IV	<p><b>JavaScript:</b> Introduction, Client-Side JavaScript, Server-Side JavaScript, JavaScript Objects, JavaScript Security</p> <p>Core JavaScript (Properties and Methods of Each) : Array, Boolean, Date, Function, Math, Number, Object, String, RegExp</p> <p><b>Document and its associated objects:</b> document, document object methods, Link, Area, Anchor, Image, Layer</p> <p><b>Events and Event Handlers:</b> General Information about Events, Defining Event Handlers, event, onAbort, onBlur, onChange, onClick, onDblClick, onDragDrop, onError, onFocus, onKeyDown, onKeyPress, onKeyUp, onLoad, onMouseDown, onMouseMove, onMouseOut, onMouseOver, onMouseUp, onMove, onReset, onResize, onSelect, onSubmit, onUnload</p>	12
V	<p><b>JSON:</b> Introduction, JSON Grammar, JSON Values, JSON Tokens, Syntax, JSON vs XML, Data Types, Objects, Arrays, Creating JSON, JSONObject, Parsing JSON, Persisting JSON, Data Interchange, JSON in HTML, JSONP</p>	12



<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edi<sup>n</sup></b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	HTML5 Step by Step	Faithe Wempen	Microsoft Press		2011
2.	Web Design The Complete Reference	Thomas Powell	TMH		2009
3.	Head First HTML5 programming	Eric Freeman	O'Reilly		2013
4.	JavaScript 2.0: The Complete Reference	Thomas Powell and Fritz Schneider	TMH	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2004
5.	Beginning JSON	Ben Smith	Apress	1 <sup>st</sup>	2015

### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, a student should be able to:

- Understand the meaning of the basic terminologies of web technology and explore, use the HTML5 concepts. Understand the basic requirement of web design.
- Understand and use the Page layout, Navigation, Tables, Forms and Media features of HTML5.
- Understand and use Cascading Style sheet for beautifying the web pages.
- Understand and use the JavaScript for validation of user forms in web pages.
- Understand and use the technique of transmitting data between a server and web application using JSON

## 5-Business Communication and Information Ethics

### Course Objectives:

- To discuss various components of communication, explain how non-verbal communication techniques enhance communication and explain the barriers to communication.
- To discuss various business activities which are essential at workplace. To explain business communication covering the structure and layout of a letter, planning of a letter and use of language.
- To explain the use of agenda and minutes for effective functioning of any organisation.
- To direct the learners' attention to the significance of effective writing and the importance and structure of reports.
- To explain to interpret information ethics (IE) as the branch of the philosophy of information that investigates, in a broad sense, the ethical impact of Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs) on human life and society.

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	<b>Interpretation of Communication</b> Basics of communication, Non-verbal communication, Barriers to communication. <b>Business communication at workplace</b> Letter components and layout, Planning a letter, Process of letter writing	12
II	<b>Business communication at workplace</b> Email communication, Memos and memoreports, Employment communication. Notice, Agenda and minutes of meeting, Brochures.	12
III	<b>Report Writing:</b> Effective writing, Types of business reports, Structure of reports, Gathering Information.	12
IV	<b>Report Writing:</b> Organisation of material, writing abstracts and summaries, Writing definitions, Visual aids, User Instruction Manual.	12
V	<b>Information Ethics</b> Ethics after the information revolution, what is information ethics? The method of abstraction.	12

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr.No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Professional Communication	Aruna Koneru	Tata McGraw Hill	--	2008
2.	The Ethics of Information	Luciano Floridi	Oxford University Press	--	2013
3.	Business Communication	A. C. "Buddy" Krizan, Patricia Merrier, Joyce Logan, Karen Williams	Thomson	7e	2008

**Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, a student should be able to:

- Communicate effectively in non-verbal way, draft and write effective business letters.
- Effectively carry out communication activities of business by following email etiquettes, drafting memos
- Write elegant business reports and prepare user instruction manual.
- Apply the information ethics in all walks of life.
- Become a good communicator in life.

## 6. Environmental Protection Law

### UNIT 1: CONSTITUTIONAL PERSPECTIVE

Fundamental Rights – Article 14 (Right to equality, non-arbitrary and non-discriminatory treatment), Article 19(1)(g) (Freedom to carry on trade or business), Article 21 (Right to life, livelihood and wholesome environment) and Article 32 (Right to Constitutional remedies); Directive Principles of State Policy – Article 47, 48-A; Fundamental Duty – Article 51-A(g); Article 226 (Powers of High Courts); Public Interest Litigation – Nature – Non-Adversarial, Collaborative, Co-operative and Investigative;

### UNIT 2: PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF WATER AND AIR POLLUTION

The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 – Water Pollution – Meaning; Central and State Pollution Control Boards – Constitution, Powers and Functions; Water Pollution Control Areas; Samples of Effluents – Procedure; Consent Requirement – Procedure, Grant/Refusal, Withdrawal, Review, Appeals, Revision; Restraint Order; Citizen Suit Provision; Offences and Penalties; The Water Cess (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1977

The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981- Air Pollution – Meaning, Causes and Effects; Central and State Pollution Control Boards – Functions; Air Pollution Control Area; Consent Requirement – Procedure, Grant/Refusal, Withdrawal; Restraint Orders; Citizen Suits; Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000; Offences/Penalties; Vehicular pollution

### UNIT 3: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 – Aims and Objects; Meaning of “Environment” and “Environmental Pollutant”; Powers and Functions of the Central Government; Environment Authority – Constitution; Delegation of Powers; Offences/Penalties; Effectiveness of the Act; Environmental Impact Assessment, 2006; Environmental Audit; law relating to hazardous substance and activities – issues of liability

### UNIT 4: NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL

Powers and functions of the National Green Tribunal; jurisdiction; locus standi, remedies, Powers and functions; jurisdiction; locus standi, remedies

*Techi Tagi Tara v. Rajendra Singh Bhandari & Ors*, Supreme Court, Civil Appeal No.1359/017, Judgement of 22 September 2017

### UNIT 5: PROTECTION AND CONSERVATION OF FORESTS, BIODIVERSITY AND WILDLIFE

The Indian Forest Act, 1927; The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980; Kinds of Forest Land - Private, Reserved, Village, Protected; Use of Forest Land for Non-Forest purposes; Rights of Tribals and Forest Dwellers—The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006

The Biological Diversity Act, 2002—access to biological resources and benefit sharing; Regulation of genetically modified organisms; The Manufacture, Use, Import, Export and Storage of Hazardous Micro-Organisms Genetically Engineered Organisms or Cells Rules, 1989.

Protection of Wildlife – the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972; Sanctuaries and National Parks; Licensing of Zoos and Parks.

*Orissa Mining Corporation v Ministry of Environment and Forest*, (2013)6 SCC 476 ..

*Sansar Chand v State of Rajasthan*, 2010 (10) SCC 604

*Centre For Environmental Law, WWF-I v. Union of India & Others*, Supreme Court, I.A.No. 100 in Writ Petition (Civil) No. 337 of 1995, decided on 15 April 2013 .....

*Divya Pharmacy v Union of India*, High Court of Uttarakhand, WP 3437/2016, Decided on 21 December 2018

TN Godavarman Thirumulpad v Union of India—Shomona Khanna, 'Boundaries of Forest Land: The Godavarman case and Beyond', in Sharachchandra Lele & Ajit Menon eds., *Democratizing Forest Governance in India* 225 (Oxford University Press, 2014).

#### **Prescribed Legislations**

- The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
- The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
- The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
- The Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991
- The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010
- The Biological Diversity Act, 2002
- The Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972
- The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
- The Indian Forest Act, 1927
- The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006.

#### **Policies and reports**

- The National Environment Policy, 2006
- The National Forest Policy, 1988
- The National Water Policy, 2012
- The Wildlife Conservation Strategy, 2002
- The World Commission on Environment and Development, *Our Common Future*, 1987
- IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5). Synthesis Report: Climate Change 2014.

#### **Prescribed Books**

- Philippe Sands and Jacqueline Peel, *Principles of International Environmental Law* (4th ed., 2018).
- Shibani Ghosh ed., *Indian Environmental Law: Key Concepts and Principles*(2019).
- Geetanjoy Sahu, *Environmental Jurisprudence and the Supreme Court: Litigation, Interpretation, Implementation* (2014)
- Shyam Diwan and Armin Rosencranz, *Environmental Law and Policy in India— Cases, Materials and Statutes* (2nd ed., 2001)
- P. Leelakrishnan, *Environmental Law Case Book* (2nd ed., 2010)
- Gurdip Singh, *Environmental Law in India* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed 2016)
- P. Leelakrishnan, *Environmental Law in India* (5<sup>th</sup> ed., 2019)
- Stuart Bell & Donald Mc Gillivray, *Environmental Law* (7th ed., 2008)

## 7- Precalculus

### Course Objectives:

- To master the number fundamentals, equations and different types of mathematical functions.
- To review and explain the trigonometry and gain expertise in trigonometric identities.
- To understand analytical trigonometry and inverse functions.
- To give the detailed knowledge about complex numbers, vectors and matrices.
- To understand the conics, sequences and series and

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	<p><b>Fundamentals:</b> Real Numbers, Exponents and Radicals, Algebraic Expressions, Rational Expressions, Equations, Modeling with Equations, Inequalities, Coordinate Geometry, Graphing Calculators; Solving Equations and Inequalities Graphically, Lines, Making Models Using Variation.</p> <p><b>Functions:</b> What is function? Graphs of Functions, Getting Information from the Graph of a Function, Average Rate of Change of a Function, Transformations of Functions, Combining Functions, One-to-One Functions and Their Inverses.</p> <p><b>Polynomial and Rational Functions:</b> Quadratic Functions and Models, Polynomial Functions and Their Graphs, Dividing Polynomials, Real Zeros of Polynomials, Complex Numbers, Complex Zeros and the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra, Rational Functions.</p>	12
II	<p><b>Exponential and Logarithmic Functions:</b> Exponential Functions, The Natural Exponential Function, Logarithmic Functions, Laws of Logarithms, Exponential and Logarithmic Equations, Modelling with Exponential and Logarithmic Functions.</p> <p><b>Trigonometric Functions: Unit Circle Approach:</b> The Unit Circle, Trigonometric Functions of Real Numbers, Trigonometric Graphs, Inverse Trigonometric Functions and Their Graphs, Modelling Harmonic Motion</p> <p><b>Trigonometric Functions: Right Triangle Approach:</b> Angle Measure, Trigonometry of Right Triangles, Trigonometric Functions of Angles, Inverse Trigonometric Functions and Right Triangles, The Law of Sines, The Law of Cosines.</p>	12
III	<p><b>Analytic Trigonometry:</b> Trigonometric Identities, Addition and Subtraction Formulas, Double-Angle, Half-Angle, and Product-Sum Formulas, Basic Trigonometric Equations, More Trigonometric Equations</p>	12

	<p><b>Sinusoidal Functions:</b> A special class of functions, Sketching a sinusoidal graph, Functions not in standard sinusoidal form, sinusoidal behaviour.</p> <p><b>Inverse Circular Functions:</b> Solving three equations, inverse Circular functions, applications, solving trigonometric equations</p>	
IV	<p><b>Polar Coordinates and Parametric Equations:</b> Polar Coordinates, Graphs of Polar Equations, Polar Form of Complex Numbers; De Moivre's Theorem, Plane Curves and Parametric Equations</p> <p><b>Vectors in Two and Three Dimensions:</b> Vectors in Two Dimensions, The Dot Product, Three-Dimensional Coordinate Geometry, Vectors in Three Dimensions, The Cross Product, Equations of Lines and Planes</p> <p><b>Systems of Equations and Inequalities:</b> Systems of Linear Equations in Two Variables, Systems of Linear Equations in Several Variables, Matrices and Systems of Linear Equations, The Algebra of Matrices, Inverses of Matrices and Matrix Equations, Determinants and Cramer's Rule, Partial Fractions, Systems of Nonlinear Equations, Systems of Inequalities</p>	12
V	<p><b>Conic Sections:</b> Parabolas, Ellipses, Hyperbolas, Shifted Conics, Rotation of Axes, Polar Equations of Conics</p> <p><b>Sequences and Series:</b> Sequences and Summation Notation, Arithmetic Sequences, Geometric Sequences, Mathematics of Finance, Mathematical Induction, The Binomial Theorem</p> <p><b>Limits: A Preview of Calculus:</b> Finding Limits Numerically and Graphically, Finding Limits Algebraically, Tangent Lines and Derivatives, Limits at Infinity; Limits of Sequences, Areas</p>	12

Books and References:				
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Year
1.	Precalculus – Mathematics for Calculus	James Stewart, Lothar Redlin, Saleem Watson	Cengage Learning	2013
2.	Precalculus	David H. Collingwood, K. David Prince, Matthew M. Conroy	Free Software Foundation	2011
3.	Precalculus Demystified	Rhonda Huettenmueller	Tata McGraw Hill	2005
4.	Contemporary Precalculus: A Graphing Approach	Thomas W. Hungerford, Douglas J. Shaw	Thomson Higher Education	2009

### Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, a student should be able to:

- Apply the knowledge of numbers, graph and functions in real life.
- Apply trigonometry in modelling real life problems.
- Use analytic trigonometry and inverse circular functions to solve variety of problems.
- Apply complex number theory to different domains, use vectors and matrices to solve real life problems.
- Identify different types of conics from equations, understand sequences and series and basics of limits and derivatives.

## 8-Web Technology Practical

### Course Objectives:

Provide the hands on the HTML5, CSS, JavaScript and JSON technologies for designing the attractive webpages with dealing user data validation and transferring the values among the webpages and servers.

- Introducing basics of HTML5 to learners.
- Giving insight of the Page layout and navigation with HTML5.
- Making students aware about use of Tables, Forms and Media with HTML5.
- Providing knowledge of web page design using CSS.
- Teaching data validation using JavaScript.
- Giving knowledge about transmission of data on web page using JSON Object.

<b>List of Practical:</b>	
<b>1. Use of Basic Tags:</b>	
a.	Design a web page using different text formatting tags.
b.	Demonstrate use of Font tag with its attributes and HTML various color options in web page.
c.	Design a web page with links to different pages and allow navigation between web pages.
<b>2. Navigation, list and paragraph:</b>	
a.	Design a web page to demonstrate text-based navigation bar.
b.	Demonstrate use of lists and backgrounds in web page.
c.	Demonstrate use of paragraph and its associated tags in web page.
<b>3. Lists, images and semantics:</b>	
a.	Demonstrate use of multiple image tag in web page.
b.	Design a web page with Image maps.
c.	Design a web page demonstrating use of various semantic tags
<b>4. Multimedia and User controls:</b>	
a.	Design a web page with a form that uses all types of user controls.
b.	Design a web page embedding with multimedia features.
c.	Design a 3 page static website with appropriate tags and attributes.
<b>5. CSS with list, links and table:</b>	
a.	Create and use different style rules with available types of lists.
b.	Create and use different style rules with hyperlinks.
c.	Create and use different style rules with tables.



<b>6.</b>	<b>CSS with font, paragraph and types:</b>
a.	Create and use different style rules with font elements.
b.	Create and use different style rules with Paragraph elements.
c.	Demonstrate the use of inline, internal and external CSS in one webpage.
<b>7.</b>	<b>JavaScript: Validating User fields</b>
a.	Demonstrate the use of Document object methods.
b.	Using javascript, demonstrate validating Text Input Fields, Drop-down Lists and Checkboxes.
c.	Using javascript, demonstrate validating Radiobuttons and Validating Multi-Select Boxes.
<b>8.</b>	<b>JavaScript : Handling the events</b>
a.	Using javascript, demonstrate the use of onAbort, onBlur, onChange, onClick, onDoubleClick events.
b.	Using javascript, demonstrate the use of onDragDrop, onError, onFocus events.
c.	Using javascript, demonstrate the use of onKeyDown, onKeyPress, onKeyUp, onLoad, onReset, onResize, onSelect, onSubmit, onUnload events.
d.	Using javascript, demonstrate the use of onMouseDown, onMouseMove, onMouseOut, onMouseOver, onMouseUp, onMove events.
e.	Using javascript, demonstrate the use of onKeyDown, onKeyPress, onKeyUp, onLoad, onReset, onResize, onSelect, onSubmit, onUnload events.
f.	Demonstrate complete validation of User Registration form using appropriate fields of html and events of javascript.
<b>9.</b>	<b>JSON Basics</b>
a.	Creating JSON
b.	Parsing JSON
c.	Persisting JSON
<b>10.</b>	<b>Working with JSON</b>
a.	Demonstrate use of JSON Objects in array, print array on webpage using document object.
b.	Read data from json file and convert it into a JavaScript object and display the data in webpage using document object.
c.	Demonstrate message formatting using JSON.

### Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, a student should be able to:

- Use basic tags such as font, link and text formatting tags.
- Use and apply Navigation, lists, images etc in webpages.
- Use User controls and embed Multimedia in webpage.
- Use and apply CSS with list, links, font style etc. in webpage.
- Use and apply JavaScript for Validating User fields on webpage.
- Create, parse and persist the JSON object and extract and use its values on webpage.
- Use JSON Object with arrays and message formatting on webpage.

## 9-ICT Practical

### Objectives:

- To help the learners become competent and confident users of ICT who can make efficient, effective and creative use of basic application software in their everyday activities.
- To encourage the learners to become critical and reflective users of ICT who can evaluate the capabilities and limitations of the technology and of social, technical, political, ethical, organisational and economical principles associated with its use.
- To prepare the learners for the society of tomorrow by making them adaptable users of ICT who have the necessary openness and flexibility of mind to be able to adjust to future changes in the technology.
- To encourage the learners to develop the appropriate social skills that are essential for cooperative and collaborative learning based around ICT.
- To empower ICT disadvantaged learners by ensuring sufficient access for those learners who have little out-of-school opportunities to use the technology

<b>List of Practical:</b>	
1.	<b>Word Processor:</b> Using word processor for letters, documentation and reports with proper formatting and advanced features.
2.	<b>Presentation Software:</b> Using presentation software for preparing elegant presentations with voice and videos and giving different effects to make it more interesting and catchy.
3.	<b>Using Google Docs and forms</b>
4.	<b>Using online collaboration and video conferencing tools</b>
5.	<b>Using screen recording and audio tools</b>
6.	<b>Using video editing tools</b>
7.	<b>Using Google Maps, Google Streetview, Bing Maps</b>
8.	<b>Using Social Media (Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, LinkedIn, youtube, snapchat, reddit, quora, dig, Pintrest, flipboard, Wordpress, Tumblr, Medium) for business and learning</b>
9.	<b>Using plagiarism software</b>
10.	<b>Using ICT in governance, agriculture and healthcare</b>

**Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, a student should be able to:

- Effectively use the ICT software for different purposes in all walks of life.
- Develop the appropriate personal skills that are essential for independent learning based around ICT
- Develop their potential to their fullest by facilitating the acquisition of knowledge; by helping the learner concentrate on higher order cognitive tasks rather than on lower order routine tasks and by positively affecting the attitude of the learner towards further learning
- Facilitate better communication between the learners thereby promoting greater social understanding and harmony
- Effectively use the ICT in governance, agriculture and healthcare.

## Semester - II

### 1-Data base Management System

#### Course Objectives:

After completion of the course, students will have adequate background, conceptual clarity and knowledge of appropriate solution techniques related to:

1. Fundamentals of Database Management Systems and types of DBMS used in data analysis
2. Understand various ways to organize, maintain and retrieve - efficiently, and effectively – information from different DBMS
3. Design and maintenance of the database systems
4. Discuss the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting, searching, and hashing

#### Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1	Master the basic concepts of relational DBMS and its types.
CO2	Perform various types of operations on relational databases using DDL, DML, DCL in SQL
CO3	Understand the concept of how non-relational databases differ from relational databases from a practical perspective.
CO4	Master the basic concepts of designing NoSQL database management system.
CO5	Able to Identify what type of NoSQL database to implement based on business requirements

#### Course Contents:

##### Unit 1: Introduction to Databases

[06 Hours]

Introduction to Data and Database, Significance of Database Management System, Various Types of DBMS- relational & non-relational, Data Independence - The Three Levels Of

Architecture - The External Level - Conceptual Level - Internal Level - Client/Server Architecture- System Structure , Instance and schema

**Unit 2: Relational Database Management System** [07 Hours]

Data Models & Types, ER to Relational Mapping , Structure Of Relational Databases, Creation and Manipulation of Database using Basic SQL(DDL, DML,DCL,TCL )

Normalization –Anomalies- Functional Dependency, Normal forms- 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, Boyce - Codd Normal Form

**Unit 3: Non-Relational Database Management System** [07 Hours]

NOSQL Systems-Introduction to NoSQL, Disadvantages of NoSQL technology, NOSQL Systems, weakness of RDBMS, CAP theorem, Types of NoSQL Databases,

Key-value database-Key values database, More elements of key values database, Properties of Key-value store

**Unit 4: Columnar & Document Databases** [8 Hours]

Columnar Databases with Apache Cassandra- Characteristics of a columnar database, Concepts of columnar databases, Cassandra Introduction and its use-cases, Implement a columnar database using Apache Cassandra

Introduction to Document databases, Document databases with MongoDB - Implement a document database with MongoDB

**Unit 5: Graph and Future databases** [8 Hours]

**Graph Databases** - Graph databases, graph traversal and graph problems, graph data structures edge list, adjacency matrix, properties of graph model.

Implementation and systems - Reliable, maintainable and scalable, Different information systems

**Future databases:** Data Models and Storage- SQL- NoSQL, APIs- Return SQL, Advance Databases- PostgreSQL, RiakCouchDB, NEO4J, Redis, Future Databases— Revolution Revisited, Counter revolutionaries, Oracle HQ- Other Convergent Databases, Disruptive Database Technologies

**Text Books**

1. Abraham Silberchatz, Henry K.Forth, Sudharshan, “Database system Concepts” – (6th edition), McGraw Hill, 2010.
2. Guy Harrison, “Next Generation Databases”, Apress, 2015.
3. Eric Redmond, Jim R Wilson, “Seven Databases in Seven Weeks”, LLC. 2012

**Reference Books**

1. K. Pakhira, “Database Management System”, Phi Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2012
2. MongoDB: The Definitive Guide, 2nd Edition , Powerful and Scalable Data Storage, By Kristina Chodorow, Publisher: O'Reilly Media
3. MongoDB Basics - EelDavid Hows,Peter Membrey,coPlugge, Publisher Apress - Ebook(free) <https://it-ebooks.info/book/4527/>

## 2-R Programming

### Course Objectives:

- Master the use of the R interactive environment and expanding by installing R packages
- Read Structured Data into R from various sources
- Understand the different data types and data structures in R
- Manipulate strings, dates in R
- Understand basic regular expressions in R
- Understand base R graphics
- Focus on GGplot2 graphics for R and be familiar with trellis(lattice) graphics.

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	<p><b>Getting started with R:</b> R Software: Obtaining R and RStudio, First R Encounter, Getting started: R as a big calculator, Assignment, Basic operators, Help with functions and features, Quiz, A few important points on R Working with R</p> <p><b>R Interfaces-</b></p> <p><b>Using R and RStudio:</b> R Software, Obtaining R and RStudio, The default R interface, RStudio Interface, Example Datasets in R, R Packages, Installing new R libraries, Customizing R Start-up</p> <p><b>Objects in R:</b> Using ls and rm to managing R Objects, Types of R Objects, Attributes of R Objects, Creating and accessing objects, Modifying elements, Quick recap, Exercise</p> <p><b>Reading and writing data to and from R:</b> Importing and reading text files data into RStudio, Importing data using R command read.table(), Exercise, Importing text files Using scan(), Parsing each line-Readlines, Writing Data table from R, Exercise, Importing Data from other Software, Reading data from Excel into R, Import/Export from other statistical software, From a Database Connection, Sampling and Creating simulated data, Exercise</p>	12
II	<p><b>Introduction to programming and writing Functions in R:</b> Why do we want to write functions?, Conditional statements (if, ifelse, switch), Repetitive execution: For and While loops, The Apply Functions, Exercise, Functions for parsing text, Programming in R: More advanced, Viewing Code of functions from R packages, Exercise- Parsing Real Data - World Population Data from Wikipedia, Writing functions: more technical discussion - Scoping, Options for Running memory or CPU intensive jobs in R, Efficient Coding</p> <p><b>Introduction to graphics in R:</b> The R function plot(), Exercise, Customize plot with low-level plotting commands, Default parameters -par, Interacting with graphics, Saving plots, Useful Graphics Resources</p>	12

III	<p><b>Advanced Graphics:</b> Advanced plotting using Trellis; ggplots2, Lattice, Examples that Present Panels of Scatterplots using xyplot(), Simple use of xyplot</p> <p><b>Importing Data- readr:</b> Functions for Reading Data, File Headers, Column Types, String-based Column Type Specification, Function-based Column Type Specification</p> <p>Parsing Time and Dates, Space-separated Columns, Functions for Writing Data</p> <p><b>Representing Tables – tibble:</b> Creating Tibbles, Indexing Tibbles</p>	12
IV	<p><b>Reformatting Tables – tidy:</b> Tidy Data, Gather and Spread, Complex Column Encodings, Expanding, Crossing, and Completing, Missing Values, Nesting Data</p> <p><b>Pipelines – magrittr:</b> The Problem with Pipelines, Pipeline Notation, Pipelines and Function Arguments, Function Composition, Other Pipe Operations</p> <p><b>Working with Strings – stringr:</b> Counting String Patterns, Splitting Strings, Capitalizing Strings, Wrapping, Padding, and Trimming, Detecting Substrings, Extracting Substrings, Transforming Strings</p> <p><b>Working with Factors – forcats:</b> Creating Factors, Concatenation, Projection, Adding Levels, Reorder Levels</p>	12
V	<p><b>Manipulating Data Frames – dplyr:</b> Selecting Columns, Filter, Sorting, Modifying Data Frames, Grouping and Summarizing, Joining Tables, Income in Fictional Countries</p> <p><b>Working with Dates – lubridate:</b> Time Points, Time Zones, Time Intervals</p>	12

Books and References:					
Sr.No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edi <sup>n</sup>	Year
1.	Introduction to Programming and Statistical Modelling in R	Aedin Culhane	HARVARD SCHOOL	1 <sup>st</sup>	2013
2.	R Data Science Quick Reference	Thomas Mailund	Apress	1 <sup>st</sup>	2019
3.	THE BOOK OF R	Tilman M. Davies	Nostarch press	1 <sup>st</sup>	2016
4.	Practical Data Science with R	NINA ZUMEL JOHN MOUNT	MANNING		2014
5.	Beginning Data Science in R	Thomas Mailund	Apress		2017

### Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, a student should be able to:

- To use R Studio and explore the features for R programming.
- To use R functions and graphics within R programming for solving problems.
- To work with advanced graphics of R, import and use the data and represent the data into tables.
- To apply formatting on table, use Pipelines in application and use strings, factors in R program me.
- To manipulating Data Frames and make use of Dates in R application.
-

### 3- Data Analysis

### 4-Internet of Things & Embedded System

#### Course Objectives:

4. To get the understanding of the concepts of Internet of Things
5. To enable the students to build IoT applications.
6. To understand the various protocols in IoT and Networking.
7. To develop the essential programming skill required
- 8.

#### Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1	The use of concepts of IoT and its areas.
CO2	Understand the basics of C and NodeMCU
CO3	Understand the basics of Python & Raspberry Pi
CO4	Interacting with Web Services and IoT protocol
CO5	Apply the IoT in various applications.

#### Course Contents:

##### Unit-1: Introduction to IoT

[07 Hours]

Definition, characteristics of IoT, logical design of IoT, IoT communication models, IoT communication APIs: REST, Websocket, IoT Enabling Technologies: Wireless sensor networks, Cloud computing, Big data analytics, communication protocols, Embedded systems, IoT vs M2M.

##### Unit-2: Introduction to C and Node Mcu

[07 Hours]

C: Introduction, Data types, variable, operator, branches, loops, functions, Debugging and Optimization of C programs.

NodeMCU: 8266 Wi-Fi module, hardware and pin diagram, Interface with Arduino IDE. Interfacing of analog and digital sensors.

##### Unit-3: Introduction to Python and Raspberry Pi

[08 Hours] Python:

Python IDE, Data types, variable, operator, branches, loops, functions, List, Dictionary, Writing to a File, Reading from a File, handling exception.



Raspberry Pi: Models of Raspberry pi, R Pi 3 hardware, GPIO pins, operating system for R pi3, Basic of Linux commands, configuring R pi3, Interfacing of Digital and Analog sensors.

**Unit-4 : Interacting with Web Services**

**[07 Hours]**

Configuring NodeMCU to connecting to server, NodeMCU interfacing with web services, configuring R pi 3 Wi-Fi and Ethernet, publishing and subscribing data from web using R pi3, interfacing R Pi 3 with twitter and whatsapp.

**Unit-5: IoT Protocols**

**[07 Hours]**

UART, Wi-Fi, Ethernet, Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE), Message Queue Telemetry Transport (MQTT), Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol (XMPP), Data Distribution Service (DDS), Advanced Message Queuing Protocol (AMQP).

**Text Books:**

1. Get Started With ESP8266 Programming NodeMCU Using Arduino, Up skill Learning.
2. Internet of Things with Raspberry Pi 3, ManeeshRao, pack
3. Internet of Things with ESP8266, Marco Schwartz
4. Internet of Things with Arduino Cookbook, Marco Schwartz

**Reference Books:**

1. Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach- Arsheep Bahga, Vijay Madiseti
2. Raspberry Pi Cookbook for Python Programmers by Tim Cox
3. Learning Internet of Things, Peter Waher

## 5- Marathi / Hindi

### (1) मराठी आवश्यक

#### गद्य विभाग:-

१. अखेरचे कीर्तन- गाडगेबाबा
२. लोकशाहीचे भवितव्य- डॉ. बाबासाहेब आंबेडकर
३. विज्ञानयुगात भारत. जयंत नारळीकर
४. भटक्या- कचरू जनार्दन गिन्हे
५. माणूस- उत्तम कांबळे

#### पद्य विभाग:-

१. पसायदान- ज्ञानेश्वर
२. विद्यार्थ्यांप्रत- केशवसुत
३. भंगू दे काठीण्य माझे- बा. सी. मढेकर
४. स्वप्नांची समाप्ती- कुसुमाग्रज
५. लेखनीच्या तलवारी- उषाकिरण आत्राम

#### व्यावहारिक मराठी व व्याकरण:-

१. भाषिक कौशल्य आणि व्यक्तीमत्व विकास
२. भाषा, लिपी आणि वर्णविचार

पाठ्यपुस्तक:- 'अक्षरधारा' (संपादित), राघव प्रकाशन, नागपूर.

गोंडवाना विश्वविद्यालय, गडचिरोली

(II) हिन्दी अनिवार्य-प्रथम सत्र

Compulsory Hindi Semester-II

पाठक्रम

पाठ्यपुस्तक- साहित्य रश्मि

पाठ्यविषय- व्यावहारिक हिन्दी ज्ञान

अ-पत्र लेखन,

ब-पारिभाषिक शब्द, और देवनागरी लीपि

क-कम्प्यूटर का सामान्य परिचय।

घटकीकरण

**इकाई एक-** गद्य विभाग पाठ्यपुस्तक साहित्य रश्मि में सम्मिलित प्रथम पाँच पाठ।

1. उसने कहा था-(कहानी) चंद्रधर शर्मा गुलेरी
2. पाप के चार हथियार-(निबंध) कन्हैयालाल मिश्र 'प्रभाकर'
3. घर बाजार और कबीर-(ललित निबंध) श्रीराम परिहार
4. बाबर की ममता-(एकांकी) देवेंद्रनाथ शर्मा
5. पर्यावरण संरक्षण: हमारा नैतिक दायित्व-(लोकोपयोगी लेख) शुकदेव प्रसाद

**इकाई दो-** (पद्य विभाग) पाठ्यपुस्तक साहित्य रश्मि में सम्मिलित प्रथम पाँच कविताएँ।

1. कबीर के दोहे-कबीर (दस लोकोपयोगी दोहे)
2. प्रथम रश्मि-सुमित्रानंदन पंत
3. चार विचार-हरिवंशराय बच्चन
4. कलम और तलवार-रामधारीसिंह 'दिनकर'
5. बदली-महादेवी वर्मा

**इकाई तीन-** व्यावहारिक हिन्दी ज्ञान

पत्र लेखन-

- 1-आवेदन पत्र
- 2-व्यावसायिक पत्र

**इकाई चार-**पारिभाषिक शब्द

1. हिन्दी से अंग्रेजी पारिभाषिक शब्द और
2. अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी पारिभाषिक शब्द
3. देवनागरी लीपि का परिचय, और परिभाषा

**इकाई पाँच-**कम्प्यूटर का सामान्य परिचय

- 1 कम्प्यूटर का परिचय
- 2-कम्प्यूटर की विभिन्न क्षेत्रों में उपयोगिता
- 3-कम्प्यूटर की संरचना

(II) हिंदी आवश्यक :

6- Project Presentation on Data Science in Environmental Science.

## 7-Database Management Practical

**Course Objectives:** Provides the hands on the SQL language for retrieving the data from the database in different scenarios. The primary focus is to understand relational database concepts and design by using SQL.

- Identify entities and its relationship with relational model structure.
- To understand relational database using SQL and constraints implementation using create table query
- To Understand DML operations and backing of database
- To understand how to retrieve data from database and learn how to retrieve single value after performing calculations on group of values
- To understand built-in functions to perform operations on data
- To understand how to fetch data from two or more tables, which is joined to appear as a single set of data
- To understand nested and larger query as advanced fetching of data
- To understand concept of virtual table.
- To understand how to control user access in a database.

### List of Practical: (Can be done in Oracle/SQL Server/MySQL)

1.	<b>Forgiveness scenario</b> Draw E-R diagram and convert entities and relationships to table.
2.	<b>Write SQL query for given problem statement:</b>
a.	Viewing all databases
b.	Creating a Database
c.	Viewing all Tables in a Database
3.	<b>Perform the following Operations:</b>
a.	Creating Tables (With and Without Constraints)
b.	Inserting/Updating/Deleting Records in a Table
c.	Saving (Commit) and Undoing (rollback)
4.	<b>Perform the following Operations:</b>
a.	Altering a Table
b.	Dropping/Truncating/Renaming Tables
c.	Backing up/Restoring a Database
5.	<b>Perform following:</b>
a.	Simple Queries with Where Operators
b.	Where with Keywords and Logical Operators
c.	Simple Queries with Aggregate functions
d.	Queries with Aggregate functions (group by and having clause)
6.	<b>Perform Queries involving:</b>
a.	Date Functions
b.	String Functions
c.	Math Functions
7.	<b>Retrieving Data from Multiple Table:</b>
a.	Joining Tables (Inner Joins, Outer-Joins)

b.	AliasesforTableNames
<b>8.</b>	<b>Subqueries:</b>
a.	WithINclause
b.	WithEXISTSclause
c.	HandlingNULL
<b>9.</b>	<b>Views:</b>
a.	CreatingViews
b.	DroppingViews
c.	Selectingfromview
<b>10.</b>	<b>DCLstatements:</b>
a.	Grantingandrevokingpermissions

### CourseOutcomes:

Aftercompletionofthecourse,astudent shouldbeableto:

- Studentsabletodrawrelationshipdiagram.
- Studentsabletoperformvariousoperationssuchasinsert,updatedeleteandretrieveedatafrom databaseusingSQLqueries.
- Studentsabletoperformalterationintablesandcanrestoreandtakebackupofthedatabase.
- Studentsabletoperformoperations usingsimpleSQLQueryiestofetchdataandlearnsvariousaggregate functions to get single value.
- StudentsabletoperformSQLQueriesusingJOINkeywordforjoiningtwoormoretuples.
- Studentsabletoperform nestedqueriesusingin,existsoperators.
- Studentsabletocreatenewtablebyjoiningoneormoretuplesandlearnhowtohideattribute from end user.
- Studentsabletorestricttheuser fromaccessingdataindatabase.

## 8-R Programming Practical

### Course Objectives:

- To learn implementing expressions in R
- To learn and implement control flow using loops
- To explore and use basic data structures in R

<b>List of Practical:</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>Introduction to R Programming Elements</b>
a.	Write an R program to implement expressions, assignment and decision making
b.	Write an R program to design and implement loops.
c.	Write a R program to demonstrate the use of essential data structures in R [Hint: Vectors, Matrix, Arrays]
<b>2.</b>	<b>Using List, Data Frames and Functions in R</b>
a.	Write an R program to manage data and exhibit operations on it using List data structure
b.	Write an R program to manage data and exhibit operations on it using Data Frames
c.	Write an R program to demonstrate the use of : i. user-defined functions ii. built-in numeric function, character function etc.
<b>3.</b>	<b>Implementing Strings in R</b>
a.	Write an R program to store and access string in R objects (vectors, matrix, arrays, data frames, and lists)
b.	Write an R program to demonstrate use of various string manipulation functions. [Hint: paste(), print(), noquote(), format(), cat(), toString(), sprint()]
<b>4.</b>	<b>Performing Statistics with R-I</b>
a.	Write an R program to apply built-in statistical functions. [Hint: mean, median, standard deviation and others]
b.	Write an R program to demonstrate Linear and Multiple Regression analysis.
<b>5.</b>	<b>Performing Statistics with R-II</b>
a.	Write an R program to implement i. Normal Distribution. [Hint: dnorm(), pnorm(), qnorm(), rnorm()] ii. Binomial Distribution: [Hint: dbinom(), pbinom(), qbinom(), rbinom()]
b.	Write an R program to perform time-series analysis for the given data.
<b>6.</b>	<b>Data Visualization and Analysis</b>
a.	Write an R program to learn about Tabulation and related concepts [Hint: Contingency Tables, Selection of Parts, Conversion, Complex Tables, Cross Tabulation]

b.	Write an R program to demonstrate various ways of performing Graphical analysis. [Hint: Plots, Special Plots, Storing Graphics]
<b>7. Object Oriented Programming in R</b>	
a.	Write an R program to demonstrate OOP concepts, the construction and use of S3 and S4 classes
b.	Write an R program to define reference class and operations on them.
<b>8. Data Interfaces in R</b>	
a.	Write an R program to demonstrate data interface with CSV files [Hint: creating data for CSV, analyzing, writing CSV files]
b.	Write an R program to work with spreadsheet (Excel) programs. [Hint: installing, loading, verifying, creating data for xlsx file]
c.	Write an R program to manage data using XML files. [Develop data interface for maintaining Employee Information]
d.	Write an R program to demonstrate working with R MySQL Package
<b>9. Handling Errors in R</b>	
a.	Write an R program to demonstrate various error messages in R Programming
b.	Write an R program to implement Error Handling in R [Hint: warning(), stop(), try(), tryCatch(), Calling Handlers()]
<b>10. Measuring Performance</b>	
a.	Write R program to measure the performance with the help of built-in function like microbenchmark().

### Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, a student should be able to:

- Use expression for decision making, get knowledge of types of loops and loop control statements and able to create, access and manipulate essential data structures.
- Develop skills to manage multiple data through various options available in R.
- Use R object, simple statistical function for data analysis and Differentiate between linear and multiple regression analysis.
- Get the knowledge about various function for Normal and Binomial Distribution and able to implement and analyse data using different time intervals and multiple time series
- To create Tabulation for presentation of data and operation of them and get the knowledge about various ways of plotting data and saving them
- Get the knowledge of implementing class concept in R and able to define reference class, create objects, access and modify fields
- Get the knowledge about developing data interface for storing data in CSV files also knowled ge about working with Excel files and able to interface with XML files and able to interface with MySQL, query and manipulate data in it.
- Get the insight into errors related to name errors, control structure error, connection error etc ., and able to identify and handle errors in R code
- To analyze performance of the R code.



## Database Management System Practical

### Data Analysis Lab

#### List of practicals:

1. Installing R and R Studio
2. Data types, mathematical operators and functions in R.
3. Vectors, Factors, Lists, Matrix, Data Frames in R.
4. Measurement of Central Tendency Mean, Median and Mode.
5. Measurement of Variation - Range, IQR and Standard Deviation.
6. Descriptive Statistics Using psych Package.
7. One & two Sample z Test Using R
8. One & two Sample t Test Using R
9. Goodness of Fit Test Using R
10. Contingency Table Using R
11. Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) Using R
12. Central Limit Theorem Demonstration Using R
13. R Functions for Normal Distribution - rnorm, pnorm, qnorm and dnorm
14. R Functions for Binomial Distribution - rbinom, pbinom, qbinom and dbinom
15. R Functions for Poisson Distribution - rpois, ppois, qpois and dpo

## Database Management System Lab

### List of practical:

1. Draw E-R diagram and convert entities and relationships to relation table for a college database.
2. Perform the following:
  - a) Viewing all databases,
  - b) Creating a Database,
  - c) Viewing all Tables in a Database,
  - d) Creating Tables (With and Without Constraints),
  - e) Inserting/Updating/Deleting Records in a Table,
3. Perform the following:
  - a) Altering a Table,
  - b) Dropping/Truncating/Renaming Tables,
  - c) Backing up / restoring a Database.
4. For a given set of relation schemes, create tables and perform the following-
  - a) Simple Queries,
  - b) Simple Queries with Aggregate functions,
  - c) Queries with Aggregate functions (group by and having clause),
5. Perform queries with Date functions and String Functions
6. Perform queries with Math Functions, Join Queries- Inner Join, Outer Join and Subqueries- With IN clause, With EXISTS clause
7. Implement a columnar database using Apache Cassandra
8. Implement a document database with MongoDB
9. Design and Implement any 5 query using MongoDB
10. Write a case study for various types of NoSQL databases.

### Note:

1. Lab should be in scope of hands of experience and practice related program must
2. Add case study and Live project experience if any related contents